

Another big sanitarium building in prospect is today's feature of the news of Albuquerque.

PHONE 924 before you leave for that vacation and have the Herald go with you.

The Evening Herald

EVEN Petrograd admits that the loss of Lemberg was not a strategic retreat.

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VOL. 5, NO. 72.

TEUTONIC ALLIES RECLAIM GALICIA AFTER THE GREATEST STRUGGLE IN HISTORY

COST COUNTED IN HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF LIVES

Capital Taken by Storm After Twenty Days of Stupendous Conflict; Russian Defeat Complete.

CAPTURE OF LABYRINTH IS CONFIRMED TODAY

French Reach Goal After Battle Raging Since May 30. Partially Balancing Terrible Blow in East.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)
Berlin, June 23 (by wireless to Gazette)—Lemberg has been captured after a very severe battle, according to an official report received from the headquarters of the Austro-Hungarian army.

The Galician capital fell before the advance of the second army.

Lemberg, capital of Galicia, was occupied by the Russians on September 1, 1914, about one month after the outbreak of hostilities.

For the last twenty days since the Austro-Germans took Przemysl from the forces of Emperor Nicholas, it has been the objective of a series of fierce and concentrated attacks on the part of the Teutonic allies. Their success is counted upon in Berlin to help maintain the status quo in the Balkans.

With Lemberg now in her hands, Austria has reclaimed virtually the whole province of Galicia. The names of towns captured and captured as given in Austrian, German and Russian official statements, run into the hundreds of thousands.

Russia had made plans for permanent occupation of Galicia, bringing in officials to set up civil administration in the territory as fast as it was taken. Lemberg was rechristened Lcov, the old Russian-Poland name.

SAYS ITALY READY TO GIVE UP FIGHT

Berlin, June 23 (by wireless to Gazette)—Included in the items of news given out today by the Overseas Agency is the following:

The special correspondent of the Tagesschreiber, Gundschau at Vienna, telegraphs he has learned on excellent authority that Italy, realizing already the impossibility of making headway against Austria, has proposed to Austria that she withdraws garrisons from the region formerly offered to Italy as compensation in return for which Italy pledges herself to cease all military activity, except for the occupation of this territory. This proposal was made to Austria through neutral persons.

Italy, the correspondent continues, is ready to make a new alliance after the war. The Italian government fears a revolution.

German newspapers reproduce from La Libre de Paris the pope's interview with his chief editor, Louis Latouche. The pope assumes a stand-point of absolute neutrality, and refuses to take sides with any one of the belligerents.

ITALIAN PRESS CONDEMS THE VATICAN INTERVIEW

Rome, June 22 (via Paris, June 23, 6 p.m.)—The Italian press vigorously condemns the interview attributed to Pope Benedict by Luis Latouche and published in La Libre de Paris, in which his holiness is said to have voiced a complaint that the privileges of the Vatican have been extorted by the Italian government as the result of the war.

Second says "The pope has spoken strange words."

AUTHENTICITY OF THE 15,000,000 QUESTIONED

Hanover, June 22 (via Paris, June 23, 6 p.m.)—Doubt is expressed on the Vingtaine Steele, a Catholic Union newspaper, of the authenticity of the interview reported to have been given by the pope to Louis Latouche. In this interview the pontiff is said to have asserted that Cardinal Mercier, archbishop of Malines, never had been arrested. The Vingtaine Steele takes particular exception to this statement.

ZEPPELINS DESTROY ENGLISH NAVY YARD AND ARSENAL

Berlin, June 23 (by wireless to Gazette)—The overseas News Agency today gave out the following:

"A message from Christiansburg says that the steamer *Totum*, which has arrived at Stevnsen, reports that several Zeppelins on the night between Tuesday and Wednesday (June 15-16), dropped bombs on the Armstrong works at South Shields, England, which destroyed the navy yards and arsenal, several buildings burned all night. The damage was enormous."

LEMBERG LAST STRONGHOLD OF POLISH NATIONAL CONSCIOUSNESS

Washington, June 23.—Describing Lemberg, taken by storm by the Germans and for whose possession the mightiest trial of strength of the war has been raging through the last few weeks, a statement issued by the National Geographic society today says:

"Lemberg, under Austrian over-

rule, has been a stronghold of Polish national consciousness. Al-

most unchallenged by the Imperial au-

thorities, it has administered, as

Galicia's capital, the last remnant of Polish Poland. When the Galician diet was formed in 1881, Lemberg

had fallen from her brave position of

the days of the Polish kingdom. The

city was poverty-crushed, uninhabited,

unadorned and hence unhealthy,

with no schools, and, generally, upon

the verge of ruin. Today, aroused by

the constitution of 1866, after 50 years of

of hopeful effort, the tide of invasion

swept over a beautiful, intensely

modern city, full of fine, substantial

buildings, of lovely, well-planned

parks, of up-to-date, richly stocked

shops, of excellent schools and col-

leges, of great monuments and ex-

clusive public works. The destruc-

tive tide of battle has twice rolled over

our work of two generations.

Before the outbreak of the present

war, there was in Lemberg's

city, upon whose streets one might find more alert, vivacious life,

the city had enjoyed a typically

American boom for more than a

generation and its people had more

of an air of buoyant confidence than

any other Polish community. Indus-

tries were growing; and the com-

munications and transit trade of the

city was attaining the importance of this trade

under the old kingdom. From a

small, hitherto poor community, Lem-

berg had progressed to the position

of a wealthy metropolis of 200,000 in-

habitants.

Today's War Summary

LLOYD GEORGE TO REFORM LABOR WITH A CLUB

Munitions Bill Relives Both Employees and Employers of Responsibilities of Personal Liberty.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)
London, June 23.—Lloyd George, minister of munitions, took the country into his confidence today by introducing in the house of commons the munitions bill, a measure which would revolutionize the conditions under which ammunition and other war material is produced.

This comprehensive project makes strangle and hookless illegal, provides for compulsory arbitration, gives the power to fine "slackers," limits the profits of employers and creates a voluntary army of workmen pledged to go wherever they are needed.

Officials are much concerned over conditions in Haiti, where French marines have been landed. They are hopeful that the dispatch of Rear Adm. Alfred Caperton to Cape Haitien will clear the situation.

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conditions in Haiti, where French marines have been landed. They are hopeful that the dispatch of Rear Adm. Alfred Caperton to Cape Haitien will clear the situation.

Secretary Lansing's writings on international law have attracted wide attention. One of his principal papers was "Government, Its Origin, Growth and Form in the United States." Since 1902 he has been an associate editor of the American Journal of International Law.

While the notes to Great Britain and Germany have admittedly been the work of President Wilson and former secretary Bryan was consult-

ed during their preparation, it was

not secret that the president was in almost constant communication with Mr. Lansing on many intricate points of international law upon which Mr. Lansing was always able to advise his chief without any hesitation. Recently the president invited him to sit at the cabinet table while the notes to Germany on the Louisiana were being discussed and put into final form. Secretary Bryan was also present at these meetings and so far as is known Mr. Lansing's presence was a president.

Since Mr. Bryan's resignation the president has frequently expressed his admiration of Mr. Lansing and practically announced his intention to ask him to take the portfolio. Mr. Lansing has appeared very little in politics and at one time there seemed some doubt among the president's advisers if it would not be advisable to select a man who was more prominent and had probably performed greater service for his party.

From the first, however, practically all members of the cabinet have favored Mr. Lansing's selection and it was understood that the president took the view that the capacity of the man was more to be considered at this juncture of international affairs than any other consideration.

Mr. Lansing was appointed secretary ad interim on Mr. Bryan's re-

turn to the cabinet for thirty days. Mr. Lansing's ad interim designation would have expired early next month. His regular appointment, however, became effective at once. When congress meets his nomination will have to be submitted to the senate for confirmation in the regular way.

EDGAR WATSON IS ROBBERY SUSPECT IN DENVER

Former Feeder at Matthews Dairy Is Believed by Colorado Police to Be Daring Burglar.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

Denver, Colo., June 23.—Edgar P. Watson, alias Hobart Coppock, 21, was arrested here today on suspicion of being "Candy Kid" No. 27 perpetrator of numerous daring robberies in Denver during the last two weeks. Watson confessed to part of the crimes, the police say. Watson says he came here from Albuquerque, N.M., a month ago. He lives in Ken-tucks. "Candy Kid" is the appellation adopted by recent youthful robbers in Denver.

The Denver suspect is supposed to be Edgar Watson, a feeder at the Matthews dairy until recently. He gave up his place here and announced that he was going to Colorado. He was not employed at the dairy very long. It is not known where he came from. He gave no cause to suspect him of dishonesty while at the dairy. He was unmarried.

LASSEN PEAK PULLS OFF 102ND ERUPTION

Redding, Cal., June 23—Lassen quieted today for the 102nd time in its modern activity. Reports from Hat Creek valley said the eruption was not dangerous.

ANOTHER SEVERE EARTHQUAKE SHAKES IMPERIAL VALLEY TODAY INCREASING MILLION-DOLLAR DAMAGE OF LAST NIGHT

BIG DIPLOMATIC PROBLEMS UP TO NEW STATE SECRETARY

First Work Will Be Drafting of New Notes to Germany on Sinking of the American Ship Frye.

COMPOSITION OF NOTE TO ENGLAND PROCEEDS

President Leaves Today for Summer White House Whence Foreign Affairs Will Be Directed.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

Washington, June 23.—Notes to be sent to Germany on the sinking of the sailing ship William H. Frye and to Great Britain on interferences with American commerce, the troubled situation in Haiti and other foreign questions were discussed late today by President Wilson with Secretary

Mr. Lansing, who is a son-in-law of the former Secretary of State John W. Foster, became counsellor of the state department upon the retirement of John Bassett Moore, and has been regarded as President Wilson's mainstay on questions of international law upon which Mr. Lansing was always able to advise his chief without any hesitation. Recently the president invited him to sit at the cabinet table while the notes to Germany on the Louisiana were being discussed and put into final form. Secretary Bryan was also present at these meetings and so far as is known Mr. Lansing's presence was a president.

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ROBERT LANSING NEW SECRETARY OF STATE

FEARED GREAT IRRIGATION SYSTEM IS DOOMED

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

Washington, June 23.—Robert Lansing, secretary of state ad interim since the resignation of William J. Bryan has been definitely selected by President Wilson for the permanent post, and has accepted. Formal announcement will be made at the White House at 5 p.m. today.

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(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

Joliet, Ill., June 23.—Edward M. Allen, warden of the state penitentiary here, whose wife was slain and her body buried in their apartments at the prison on Sunday, plans to personally seek out the slayer from among the 1,700 convicts, it became known here today.

Warden Allen plans to assume personal charge of the investigation after the inquest is resumed tomorrow. The investigation was pressed today for more evidence to be presented tomorrow and convicts held under suspicion were subjected to another severe questioning.

A letter signed by the seventeen hundred convicts was sent to Warden Allen this morning. An excerpt follows:

"Caesar had his Brutus; Rome its Nero; Jesus the Just his Judas, as it is in your case. Come back to us and we will build up a real honor system which will be a most fitting memorial to your dear departed wife—a memorial more enduring than granite or marble."

In Mexico a panic prevailed. Gamblers and the women who make up a considerable proportion of the population of the place rushed into the streets. Piles of gold were left on smoking tables to be rocked off and mixed up with the debris of the buildings.

In California the Dahn building collapsed, and every window in the town was broken.

At Heber the First National bank and the Hotel hotel buildings were badly cracked. A moving picture house was wrecked.

Just outside of Heber, on the ranch of J. A. Morgan, a capitalist, a lamp was overturned in the Morgan resi-

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